

# PROGRESSIVE GOVERNMENT/POLITICAL REFORMS

## CITY GOVERNMENT

- Progressives concentrated on \_\_\_\_\_ government first
- Attacked \_\_\_\_\_ (they ran city and state governments) for accepting \_\_\_\_\_ in return for political favors

## STATE GOVERNMENT

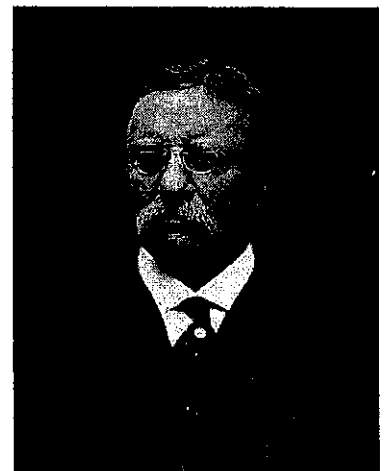
- Progressives wanted to \_\_\_\_\_ the power of boss-controlled political machines and powerful business interests at the state level.

STATE REFORMS	Define	Draw
Secret Ballot		
Initiative		
Referendum		
Recall		
Direct Primary		

## NATIONAL GOVERNMENT

### PROGRESSIVE PRESIDENT #1: THEODORE ROOSEVELT

- Became president when \_\_\_\_\_ was assassinated (*in BUFFALO!*)
- Elected for another term in 1904
- He believed that the President was responsible for following the \_\_\_\_\_ . He believed that he had any powers not specifically denied in the \_\_\_\_\_



Is that an example of *Strict* or *Loose* Interpretation?

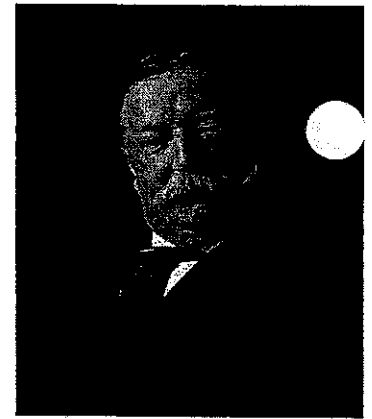
### SQUARE DEAL: Reforms made during Roosevelt's Presidency



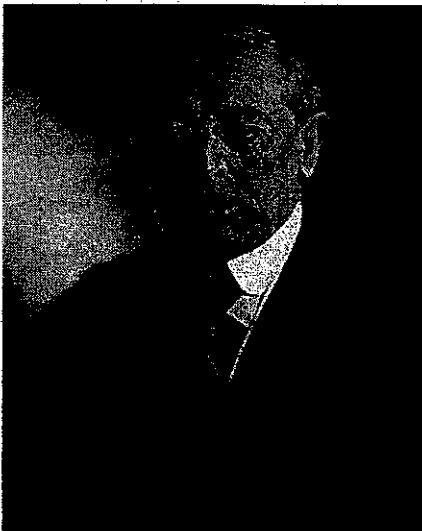
- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

## PROGRESSIVE PRESIDENT #2: WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT

- Supreme Court brought many law suits against big business
- \_\_\_\_\_ Amendment- Congress can impose an income tax
- Problems: Taft wanted to \_\_\_\_\_ tariffs
- \_\_\_\_\_ party splits between Taft and Roosevelt
- Election of 1912:



## PROGRESSIVE PRESIDENT #3: WOODROW WILSON



New Freedom:

- \_\_\_\_\_ (known as a progressive tax)- \_\_\_\_\_ incomes taxed at a higher rate (6 %) than \_\_\_\_\_ incomes (1%)
- \_\_\_\_\_ : national banking system

Federal government can:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

- Federal Trade Commission Act of 1914-
- Clayton Antitrust Act of 1914-

## THE PROGRESSIVE ERA

